



# "Challenges and opportunities for European Wines"

Wine Seminar 16/02/2006





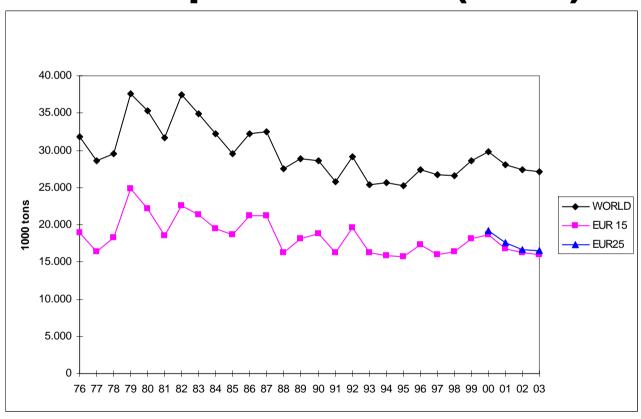
# EU25, biggest world player







# Wine production (FAO)







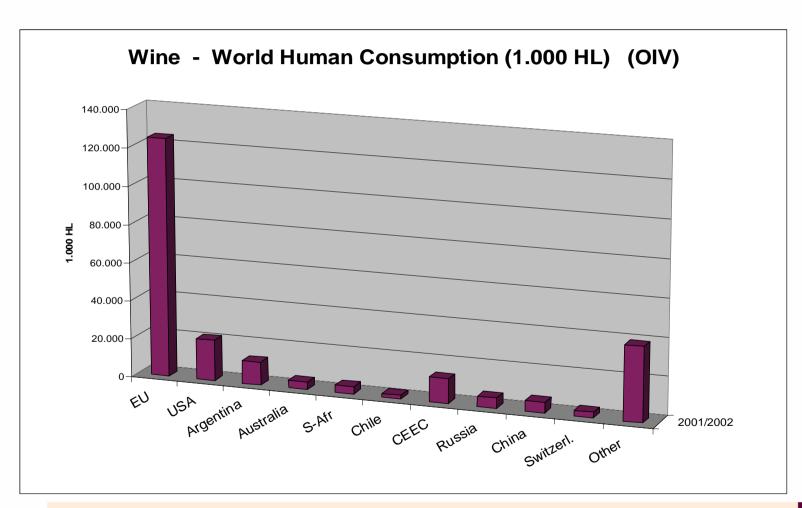
# EU25, biggest world player



Biggest producer in the world Biggest consumer in the world











# EU25, Biggest world player

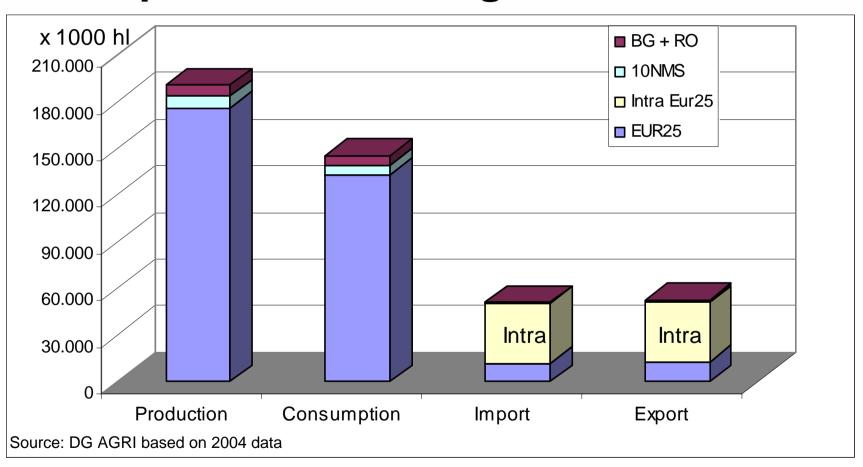


Biggest producer in the world Biggest consumer in the world Biggest exporter in the world (4.4 billion €) **Biggest** importer in the world Net exporter (2 billion €)





# First place to be strengthened in EUR 27







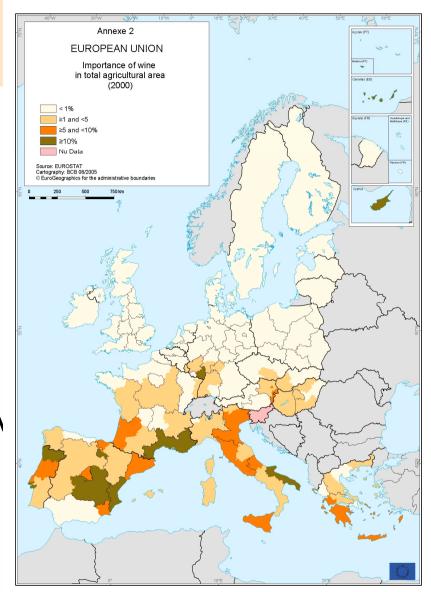
# What does wine production mean in the European Community?

# Strengths and weaknesses



# Land and landscape

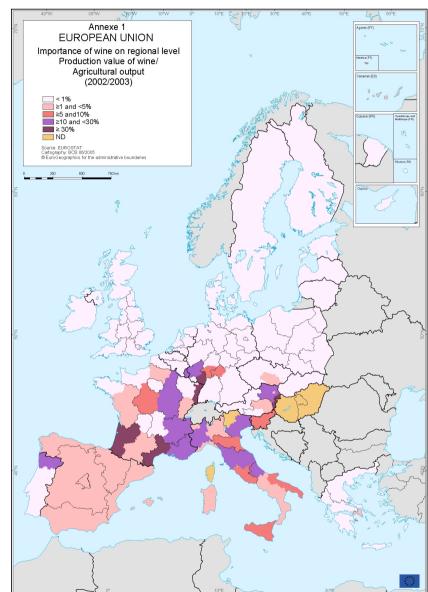
- 3.2 millions ha (2000)= 2% of AUA
- 14 producing MS
- Many regions in objective 1 and/or LFA and with few alternative crops
- Landscape value of vineyards





# Production Quantity and quality

- 17.4 billion €
- 5.4% of EUR 25 agricultural output (wheat 6.6% sugar 1.7%)
- Quality wine 60% area



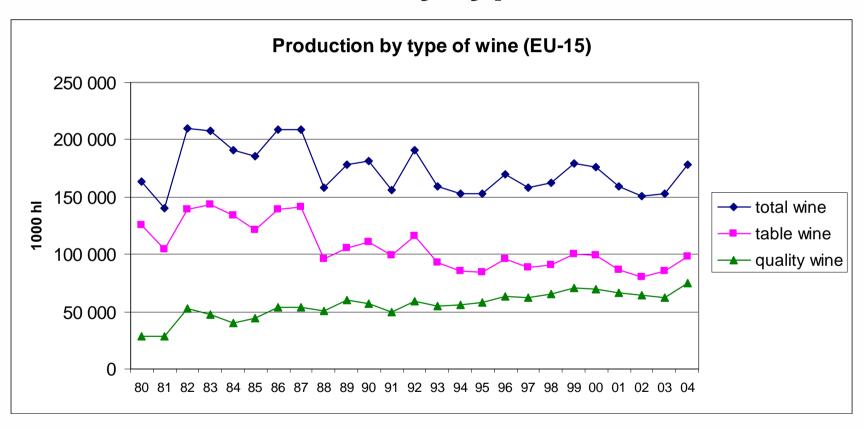
European Commission

re and Rural Development





# Production by type of wine







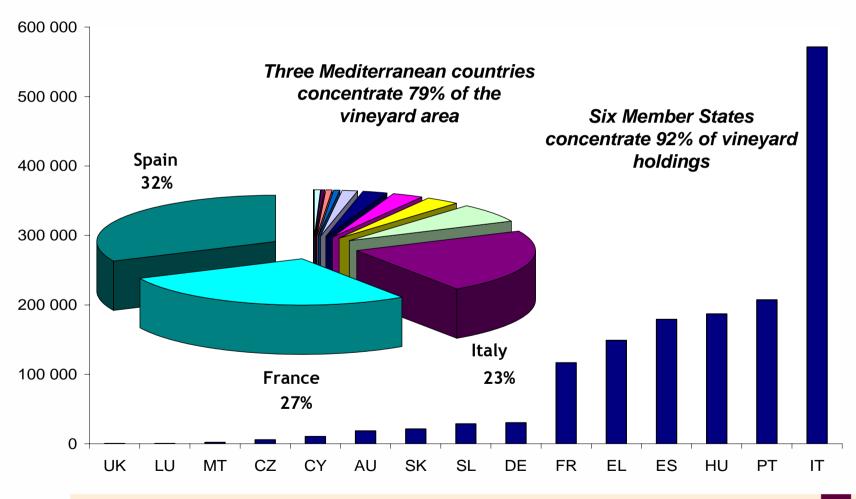
# People

- 1.5 million wine holdings
- 16% of EU25 farms
- Small average size: 10 ha, (70% of holdings < 5ha)</li>
- Of which 3 ha vines
- Labour intensive crop and processing



# EU Vineyard are concentrated in a few Member States





Challenges and opportunities for European Wines





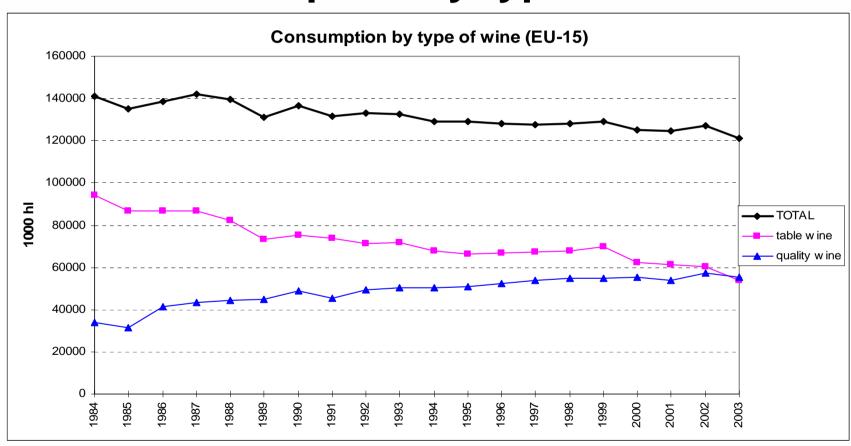
# But, two major challenges:

- 1- decreasing trend in consumption
- 2- loss of internal and external market share





# Consumption by type of wine







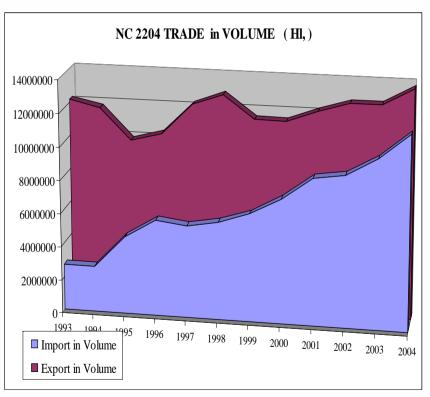
# Why this decrease in global consumption?

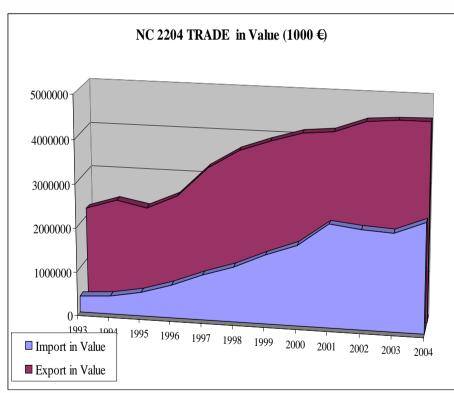
- Historical high level of consumption in the major producing Member States
- Changes in way of life (urbanization, time for cooking and types of meals, ...)
- Quality preference versus quantity
- Competition with other drinks
- Public health policy





# EU Imports and exports (extra) (Comext)

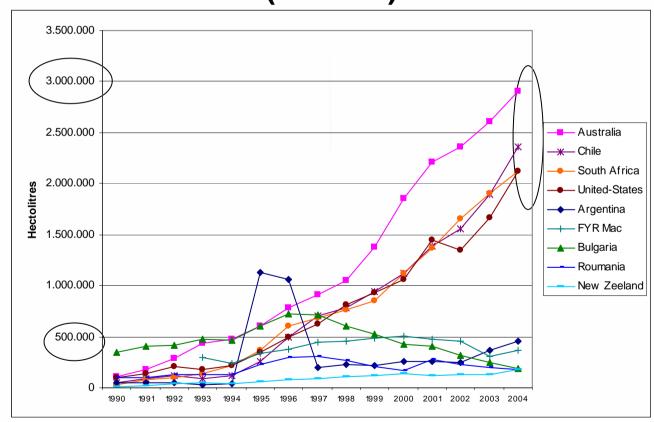








# EU15 imports by origin in volume (comext)







# Why this success of "New World" wines?



# Production scale?



Production Potential	EU	AUS	USA	S-AF	CHILE					
Planting rights limitation	Yes	No	No	No	No					
Area evolution (86-90/2002 OIV)	-16%	+169%	+26%	+29%	+48%					
"reserve"	5%	+15 000 ha 1998 + 8 000 ha 2003 + 4 000 ha 2010	14%	10%	ND					
Prod evolution (86-90/2002 OIV)	-19%	+167%	+12%	-6%	+41%					
Exports	x1.2	x19	x4	x47	x19					



# Labelling?



### EU (table wine with GI's)

### Compulsory

- Name of the country of origin
- Name of the GI's
- Bottler, consignor or importer
- Lot number
- Alcoholic strength
- Nominal Volume
- Sulfite level

### **Optional**

- Type of product
- Wine variety
- Vintage
- Name of the holding
- Other (traditional mentions, award...)

### US

- Trade mark
- Region of origin
- Wine variety
- vintage
- Producer and bottling
- Alcoholic strength



# Type of products?



# Range of products

### Australia

- Family bottles with labels linking one color to one wine variety, generally same shape
- Design described by consumers as modern, funny, easy to remember
- Clearly targeted to young consumers and women

### EU

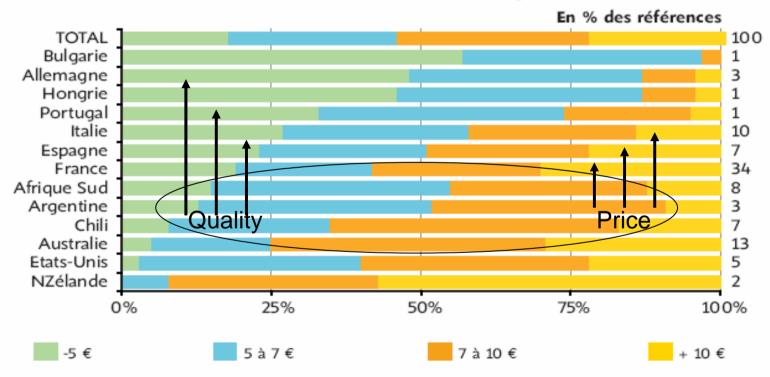
- Family bottles with labels according to EU wine classifications, to GI's, different shapes according to wine color
- Design described by consumers as traditional, sometimes difficult to understand, to help the choice and to remember



# **Prices?**



## Consumer prices positioning on the UK market



Source : Ubifrance pour ONIVINS données 2002

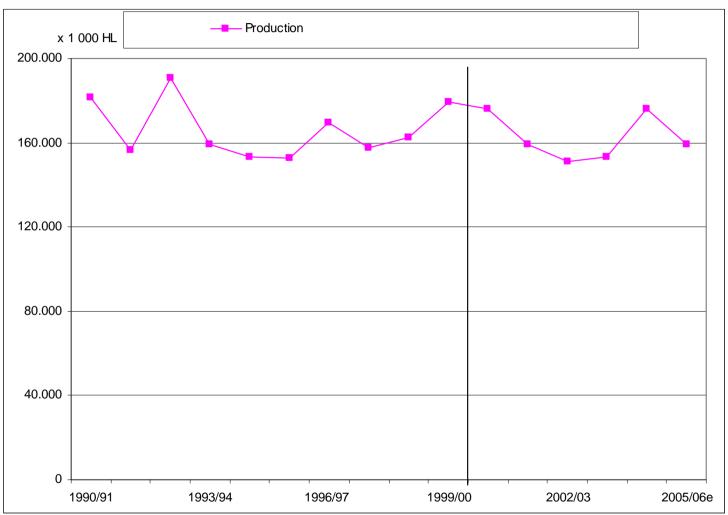




# Which consequences on the wine market?

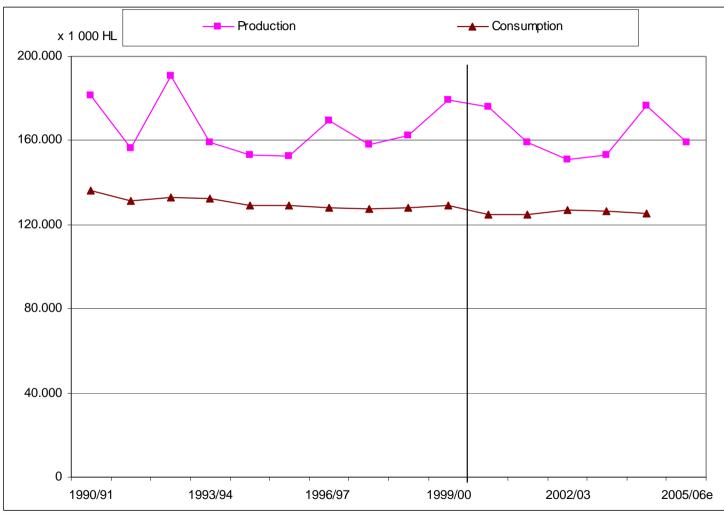






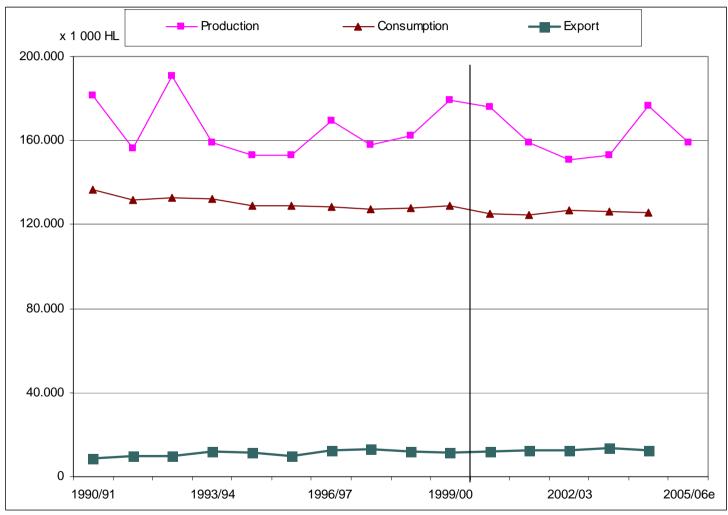






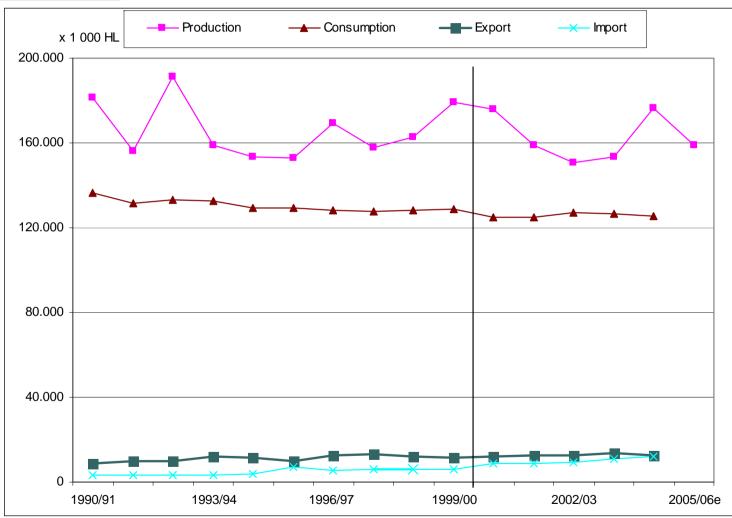






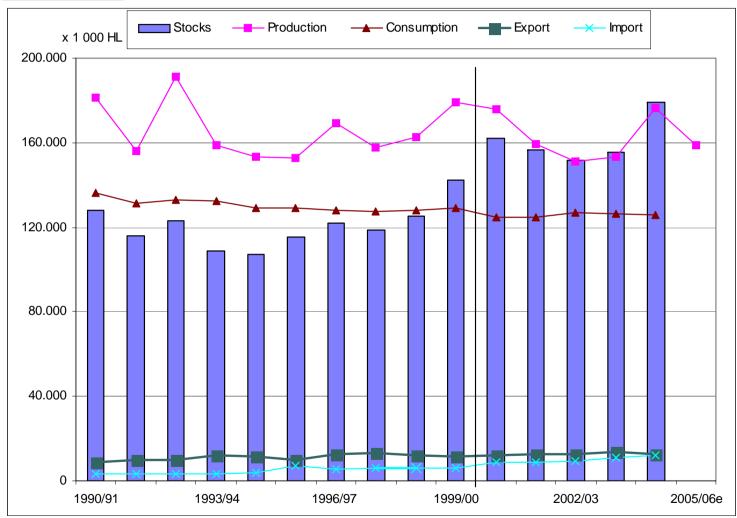








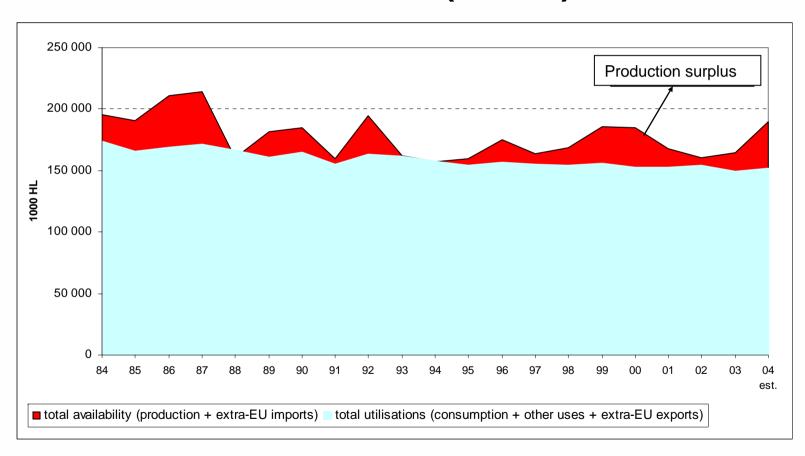








# Market balance (EU-15)



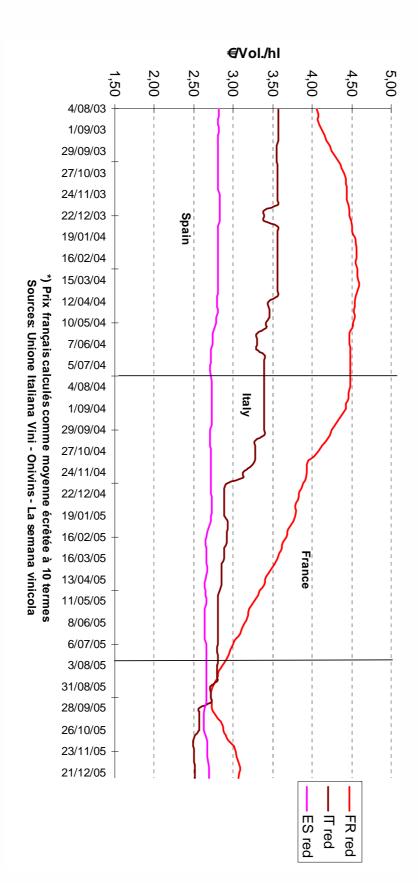




# What consequences on the producers' income?



# Recent development of table wine price

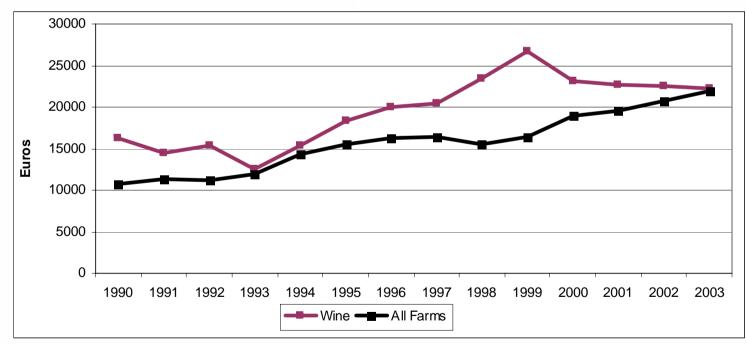






# Farm Income: wine vs. all agricultural sectors

FNVA/AWU of specialised wine farms vs. average agricultural sectors in the EU-15 Years 1990-2003



Source: DG AGRI - FADN

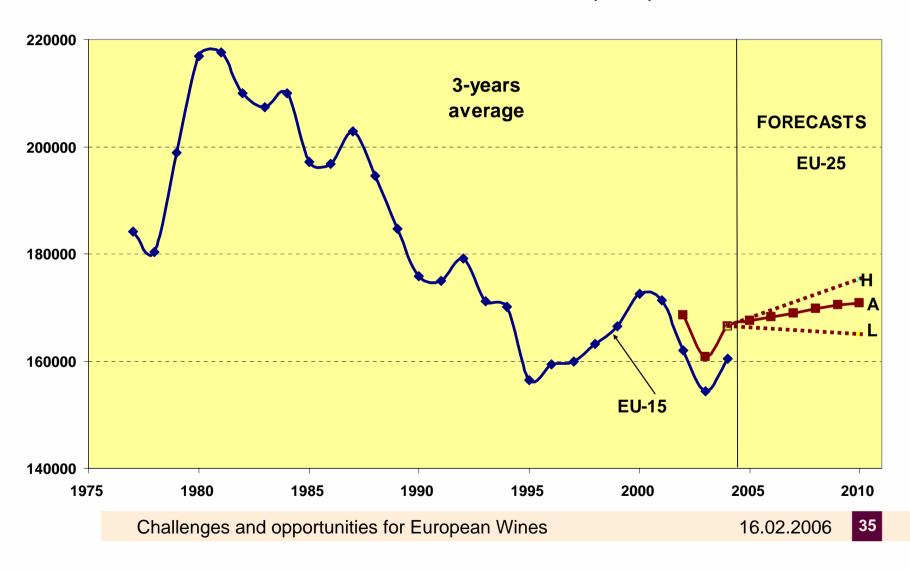




# What are the forecasts?



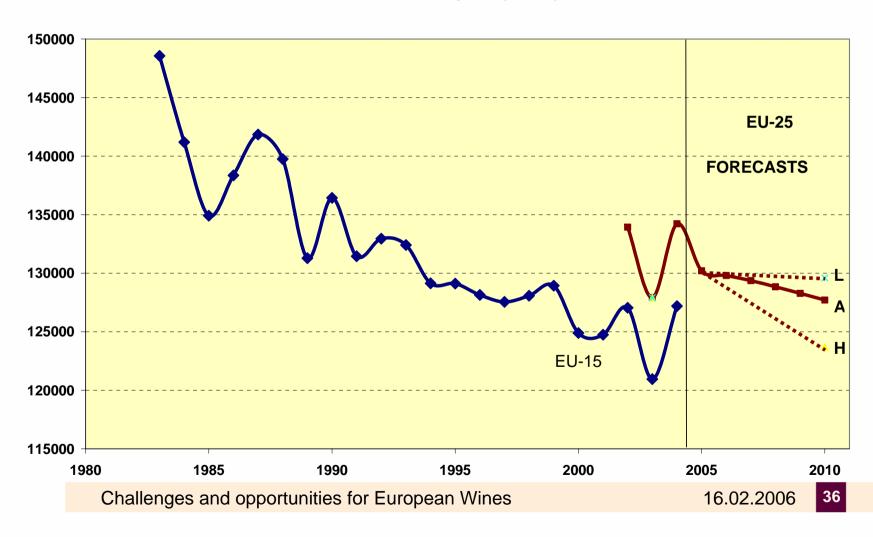
### EU-15/25 TOTAL WINE PRODUCTION (000 hl)







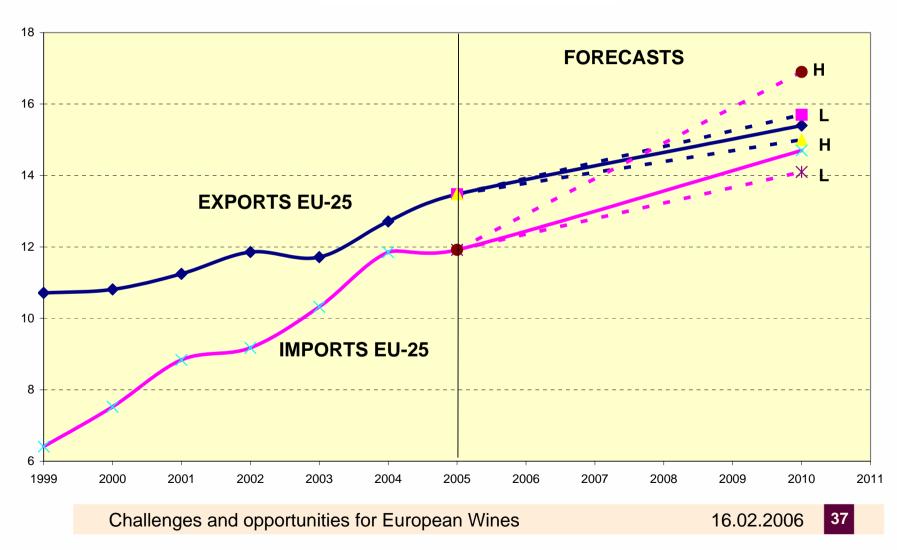
### TOTAL WINE EU-15/25 Consumption (000 hl) trend 1994-2003







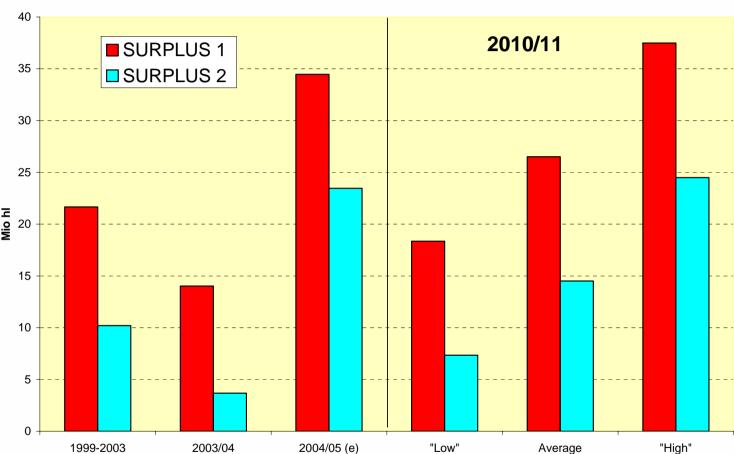
### External trade (mio hl)







### **SURPLUS 1 & 2**



**Surplus 1** = Availabilities (inc imports) – {human consumption (inc exports) & industrial uses} **Surplus 2** = Surplus 1 – Potable alcohol distillation





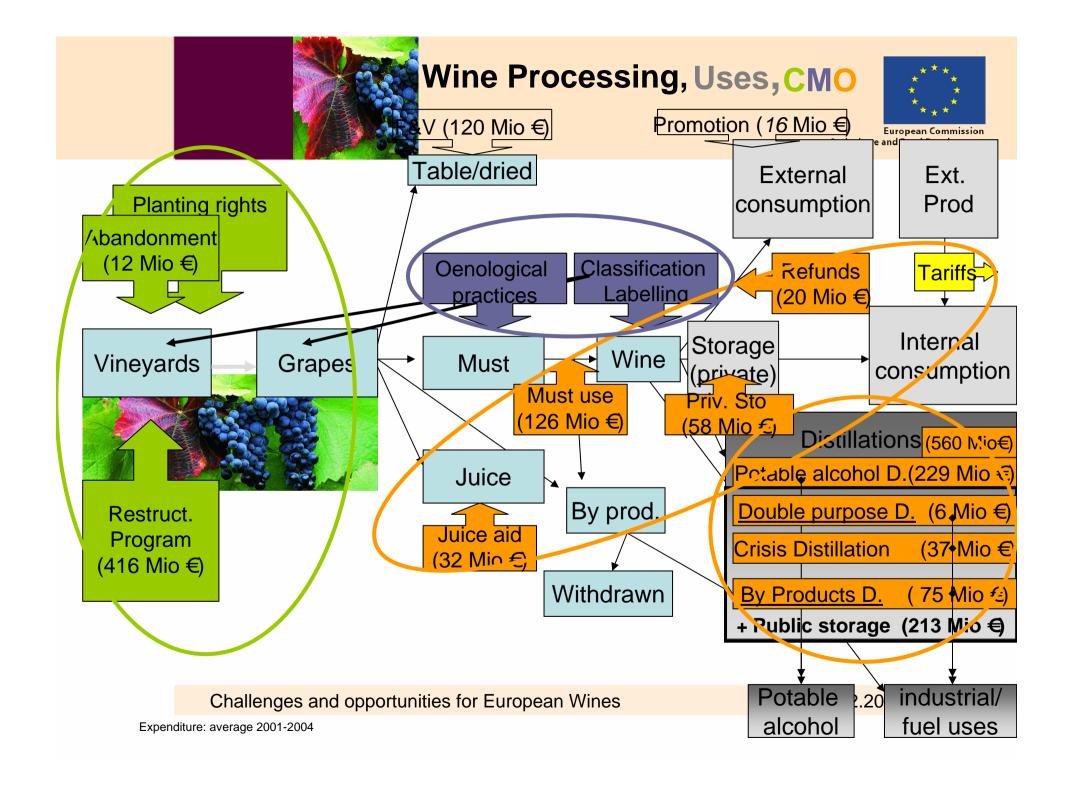
### SIMPLIFIED WINE BALANCE SHEET WITHOUT GRAPE JUICE & STOCK CHANGES EUR-25 (Miohl)

	OLYMPIC MARKETING MARKETING		FORECASTS 2010/11			
	AVERAGE	YEAR	YEAR	SCENARIO	SCENARIO	SCENARIO
	1999-2003	2003/04	2004/05 (e)	Average	"Low surplus"	"High surplus"
PRODUCTION	173,0	159,2	183,7	170,9	165,3	175,4
SURPLUS 1 in % of production	21,7 12,5%	14,5 9,1%	36,0 19,6%	26,5 15,5%	18,3 11,1%	37,5 21,4%
SURPLUS 2 in % of production	10,2 5,9%	4,2 2,6%	25,0 13,6%	14,5 8,5%	7,3 4,4%	24,5 14,0%





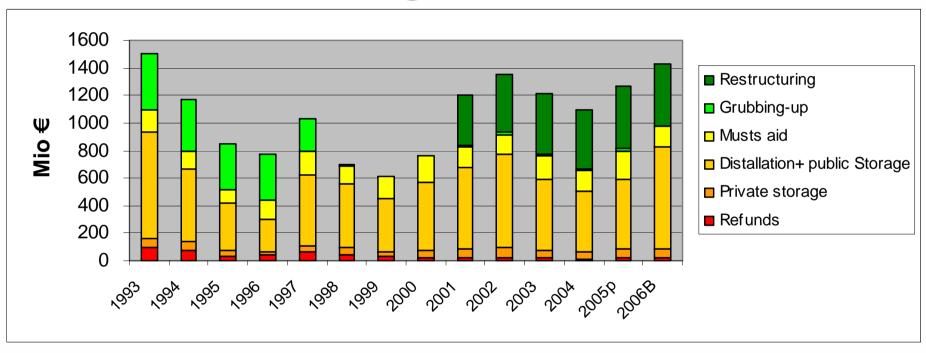
# What are the current tools?







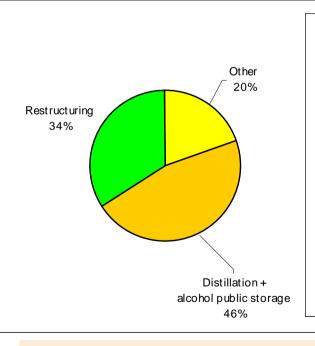
# **CMO** Budget evolution

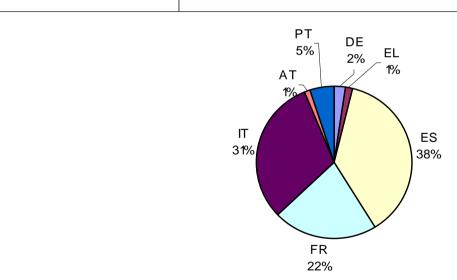






# Wine CMO Budget (Total 1.2 billion €Y - average 2001-2004) By measures By MS









# Thank you

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